



AnyPhone AnyWhere™
WIRELESS LOCATION TECHNOLOGY

TruePosition v. Andrew

TruePosition's Motion for Enhanced
Damages and Attorneys' Fees

and

TruePosition's Motion for Permanent
Injunctive Relief

 AnyPhone AnyWhere™ WIRELESS LOCATION TECHNOLOGY	Andrew's Control Channel Product (TDMA)	
	12/04	Andrew's will infringement beginning
	12/04	Ericsson study group
	12/04	1st notice
	12/04	2nd notice
	12/04	3rd notice
	12/04	4th notice
	12/04	Settlement agreement
	12/04	Andrew joins ETSI
	12/04	IPR Holders... should be adequately and fairly rewarded

TruePosition AnyPhone AnyWhere
WIRELESS LOCATION TECHNOLOGY

DECEMBER 2000

1st NOTICE
OF TRUEPOSITION'S
PATENTS,
INCLUDING 144

December 29, 2000

Dear Mr. Kennedy:

TruePosition, Inc.
1000 Charles Esplanade
100 Dallas Center, 11th Floor
Dallas, TX 75201
Greg Kennedy, Manager

Dear Mr. Kennedy:

areas of TDOA, AOA, accuracy enhancement techniques, etc. We specifically would like to bring the following patents to your attention, as it appears that you may be in need of a license with respect to your Geometrix E911 Wireless Location System. We have

U.S. Patent No. 5,372,144, "Cellular Telephone Location System," relating to the use of time difference of arrival (TDOA) and the reverse control channel (RCC) to locate cell phones.

2. U.S. Patent No. 5,372,144, July 5, 1994, "Cellular Telephone Location System," relating to the use of time difference of arrival (TDOA) and the reverse control channel (RCC) to locate cell phones.

PTX-7

TruePosition

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system employs TruePosition's patented TDMA and AOA processing methods and systems. If you would like to inquire about a license or need further information, please contact me directly.

TruePosition, Inc. (formerly, TruePosition, Inc. and TPS, Inc.) is the owner of a portfolio of patents and filed applications for various location systems and methods of TDMA, AOA, vector, enhancement, beamforming, etc. We specifically would like to bring this information to your attention, as it may be of interest to you. We have a license with respect to our Gomati (TM) Wireless Location System. We have attached copies for your reference.

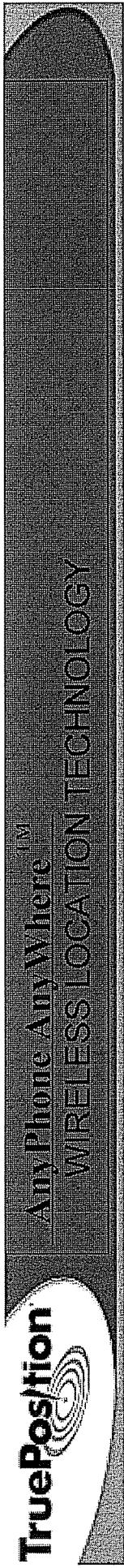
1. U.S. Patent No. 4,733,959, March 1, 1988, "Direction Finding Method for Systems," relating to the use of angle of arrival (AOA) for locating radio sources.
2. U.S. Patent No. 5,373,264, July 18, 1994, "Cellular Telephone Location System," relating to the use of the difference of arrival (DOA) and the reverse raytrace channel (RRC) to locate radio sources.
3. U.S. Patent No. 5,677,145, April 11, 1997, "Method for Determining Accuracy of a Wireless Location System," relating to combining multiple location estimates to receive high accuracy location estimates.
4. U.S. Patent No. 6,148,555, August 22, 2000, "Advanced Time Difference Localization System," relating to the use of TDMA in combination with cellular infrastructure (e.g., AOA) to determine location of mobile phones.



CONFIDENTIAL

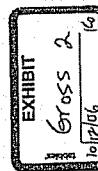
ANDERSON

PTX-7



U-TDOA in GSM and GPRS Feasibility Study

AI GERAN #7 plenary 26-30 November, 2001 in Cancun, Mexico. TruePosition received approval to prepare a feasibility study examining U-TDOA location method in GPRS networks (GP-01199). A draft of the feasibility study was presented for comment at the CR #8 (is meeting in Kista, Sweden and this document is the document for consideration is the completed U-TDOA in GSM and GPRS Feasibility Study. Approval of this feasibility study will result in the creation of a RnL-6 work item. Release 6 timeframe is forecast for completion of the required CRs.



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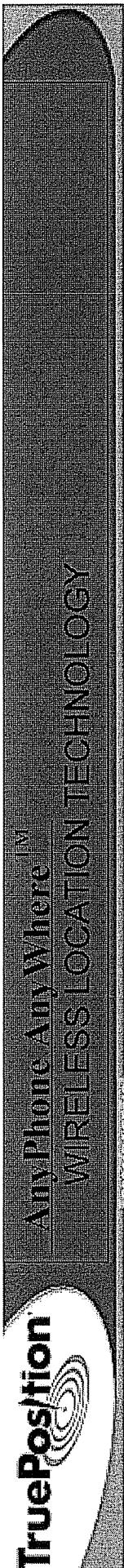


EXHIBIT E

TruePosition Technology	
3.3.1. Location Determination	TruePosition
3.3.2. Location Determination	TruePosition
3.3.3. Location Determination	<p>After initially, each user-owned LRU request the time of arrival information to the SMIC, which then calculates the MS location. Depending upon requests with busy (RF and message backlog) (implies), this process can be lowered to take many stored (if necessary) and all available location planning server corrections on the resource assignments and transport latency of the network infrastructure.</p>
3.3.4. Synchronization	<p>MS-TDMA capable LMRs are synchronized to an eventually derived and very accurate clock. Periodically (every few minutes) the LMRs report to the SMIC the relationship between the system-wide clock and the CSMA frame timing at the local site and/or surrounding sites. This information is maintained by the SMIC and used to optimize the collection of a particular MS signal in the cache memory as a resource LDU. The electronic LDU is subsequently given the frequencies and when there at which to extract the relevant MS signal from the clock memory to begin the location calculation process.</p>

3.3.5. Intellectual Property Considerations

TruePosition, Incorporated may hold one or more patents or copyrights that cover information contained in this document. A license will be made available to applicants under reasonable terms and conditions that are demonstrably free of any unfair discrimination.



AnyPhone AnyWhere
WIRELESS LOCATION TECHNOLOGY

NOVEMBER 2002

2nd NOTICE
OF TRUEPOSITION'S
PATENTS,
INCLUDING 144

From: Beckley, Fred
Sent: Wednesday, November 06, 2002 1
To: Patrick D. McPherson (E-mail); Lat
Cc: Glenn J. Blumstein (E-mail)
Subject: TruePosition Patents

• 6,108,555 - Method for Implementing a Scalability of a Wireless Location System (8/08/2000)
• 6,115,599 - Directed Retry Method for use in a Wireless Location System (9/05/2000)

Following our conversation yesterday, listed below are the patents that we anticipate the license would cover. As I mentioned, we would be happy to provide you with copies of any or all of these.

- * 4,728,959 - Direction Finding Localization (3/1/1988)
- * 5,327,144 - Cellular Telephone Location System (7/5/1994)
- * 5,608,410 - System for locating a source of bursty transmissions cross reference to related applications (3/4/1997)
- * 5,959,580 - Communications Localization System (9/28/1999)
- * 6,047,192 - Robust Efficient Localization System (4/4/2000)
- * 6,091,362 - Bandwidth Synthesis for Wireless Location System (7/18/2000)
- * 6,097,336 - Method for Improving the Accuracy of a Wireless Location System (8/01/2000)
- * 6,101,178 - Pseudolite-augmented GPS for locating wireless telephones (8/08/2000)
- * 6,108,555 - Enhanced Time Difference Localization System (8/22/2000)
- * 6,115,599 - Directed Retry Method for use in a Wireless Location System (9/05/2000)
- * 6,119,013 - Enhanced Time Difference Localization System (9/12/2000)

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ETSI IPR Policy

ETSI IPR Policy

Last updated on 20 May 2004 at 14:00 UTC, 2004

Introduction

The ETSI Assembly of UNECE has adopted the following IPR Policy:

2. Definitions

3.2 IPR holders which are members of ETSI and their AFFILIATES or third parties, should be adequately and fairly rewarded for the use of their IPRs in the implementation of STANDARDS and TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS.

4.1 IPRs are granted for the implementation of STANDARDS and TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS, and for the use of ETSI's own IPRs in the implementation of STANDARDS and TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS.

4.2 The reward mechanism for the use of ETSI's own IPRs in the implementation of STANDARDS and TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS is as follows:

EXHIBIT
EXHIBIT
EXHIBIT

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